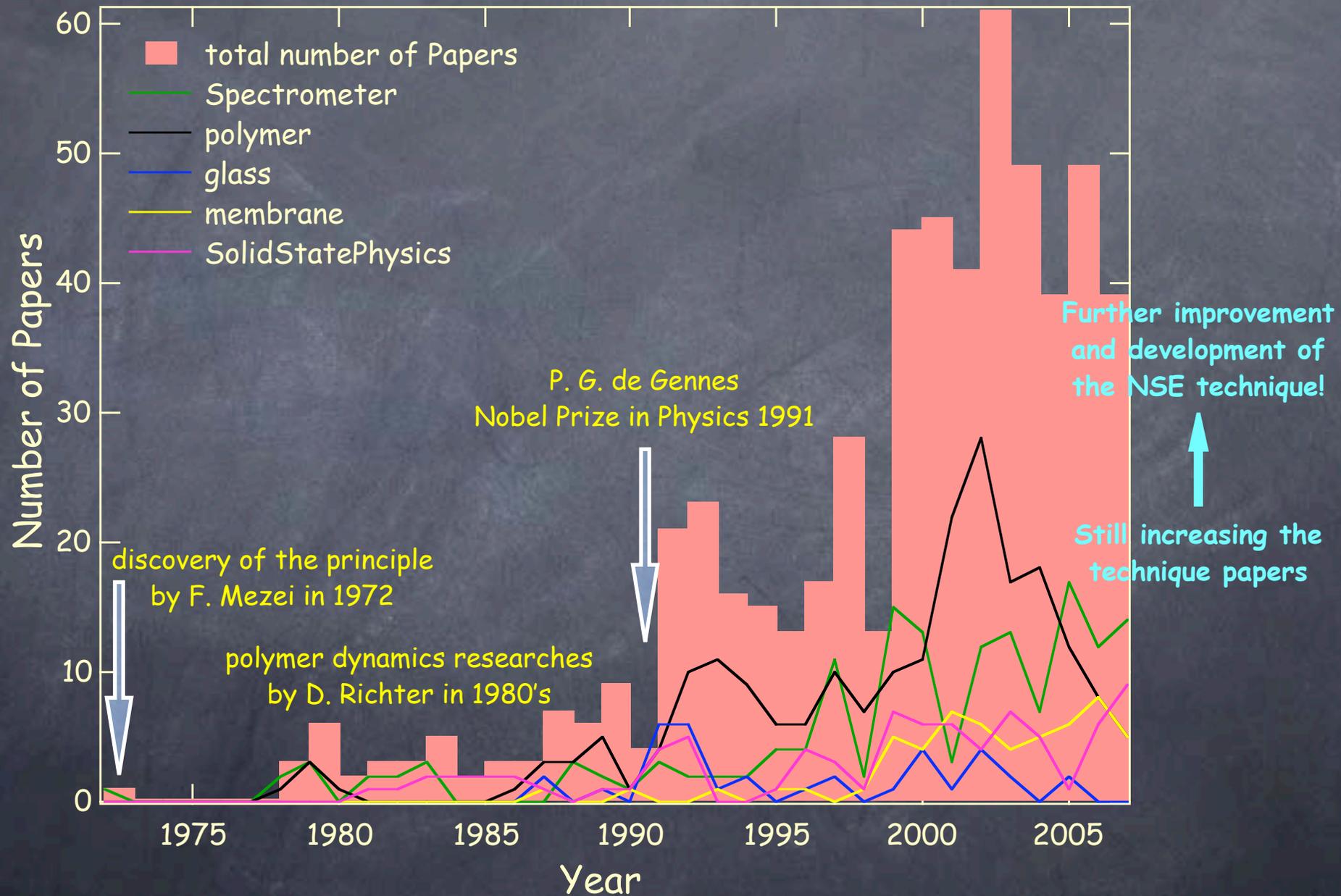


What can be done using NEUTRON SPIN ECHO

Michihiro Nagao

NIST Center for Neutron Research
&
Indiana University

published papers using NSE



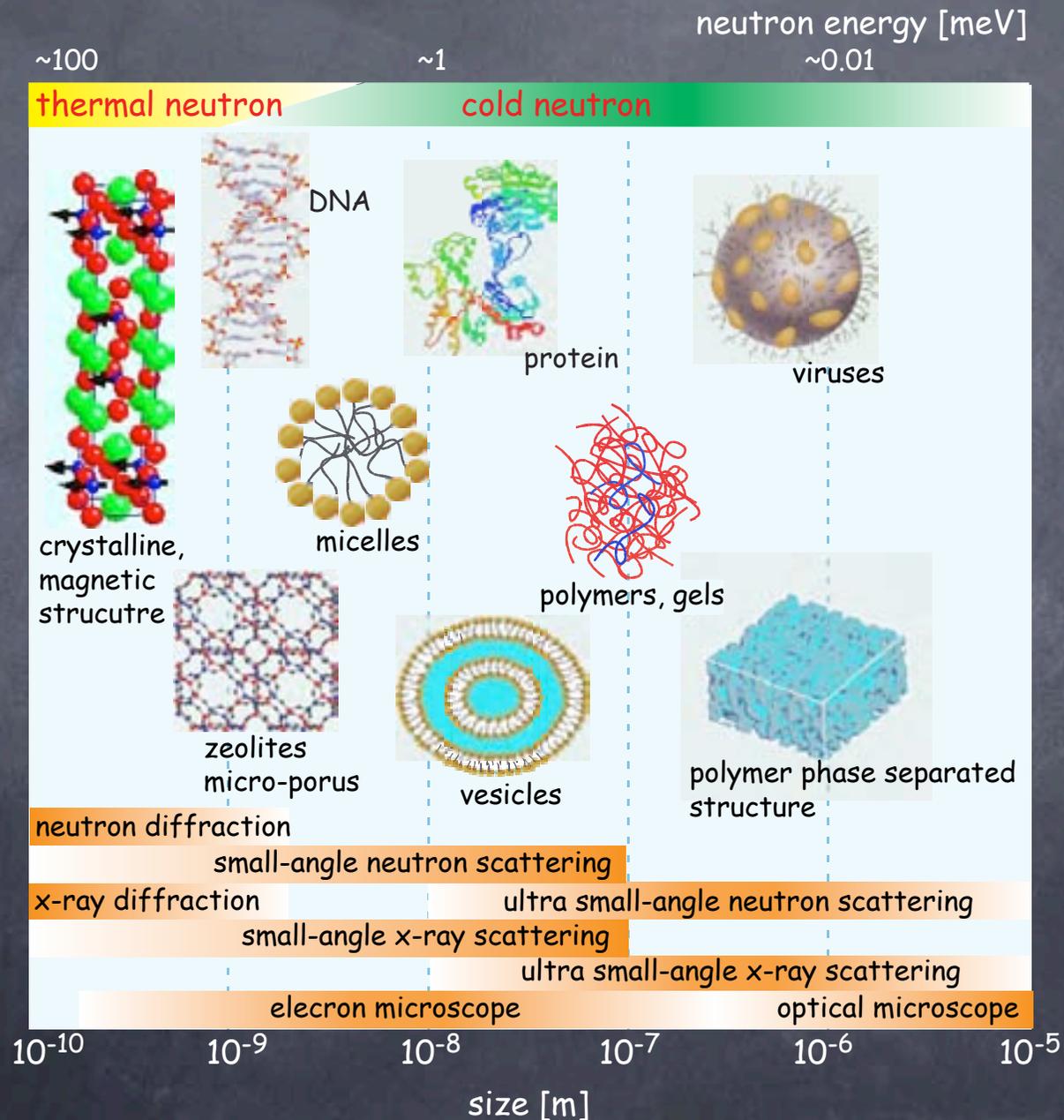
searched using web of science: keyword=neutron spin echo

how to choose a spectrometer

1. length scale

diffraction? small-angle?

structure research & method



how to choose a spectrometer

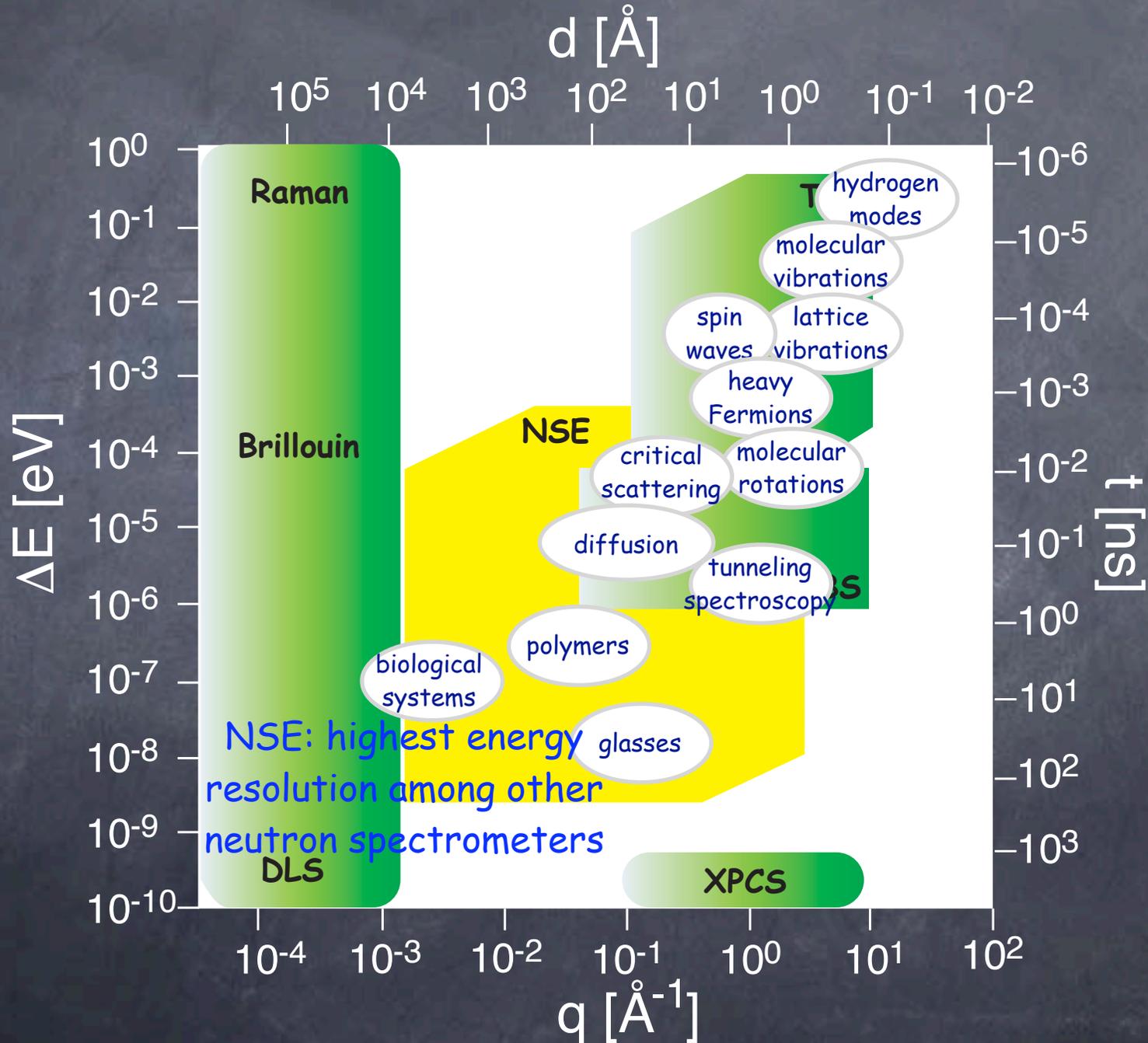
1. length scale

diffraction? small-angle?

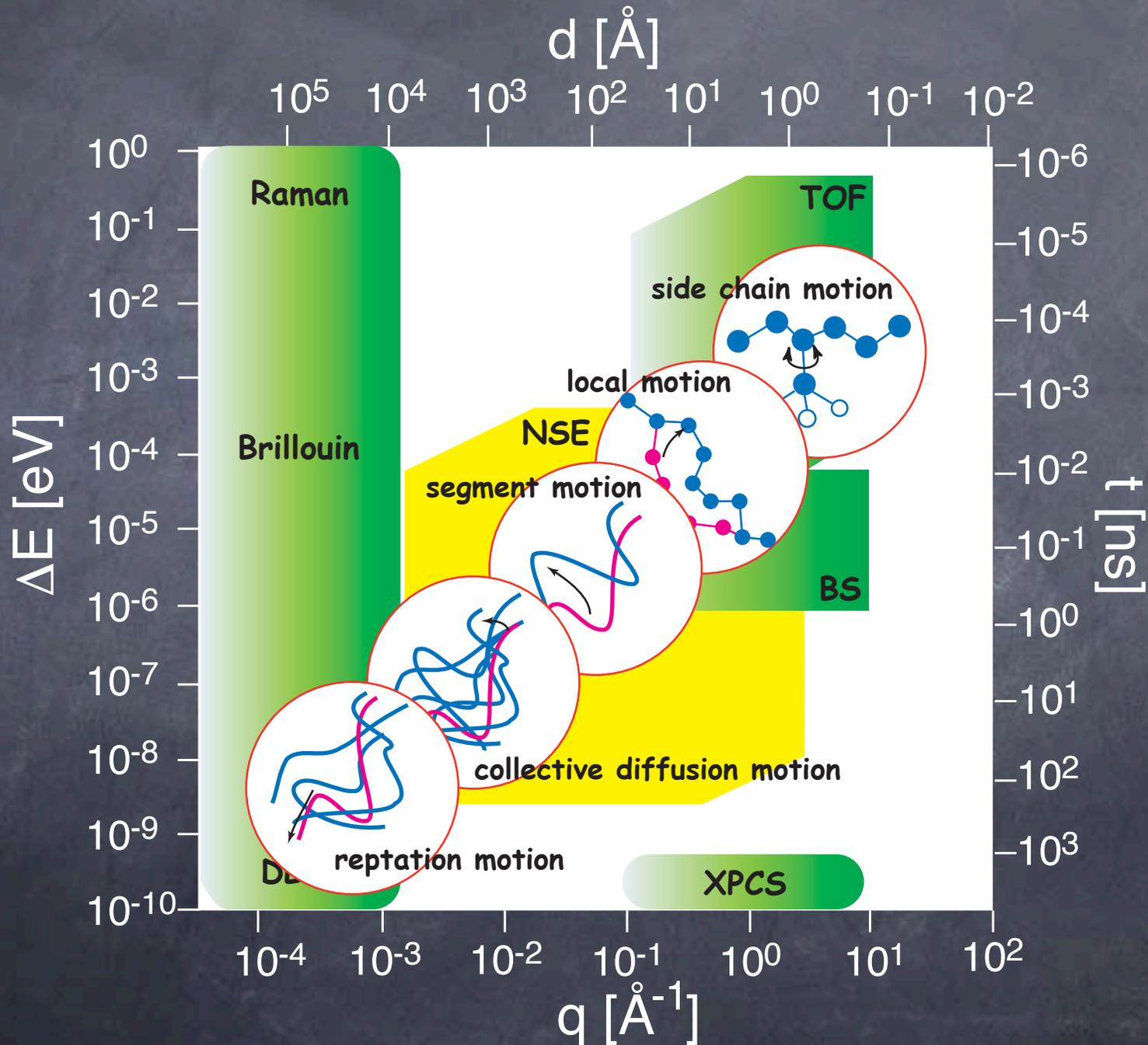
2. energy scale

neV? meV?

dynamics research & method



dynamics research & method



how to choose a spectrometer

1. length scale

diffraction? small-angle?

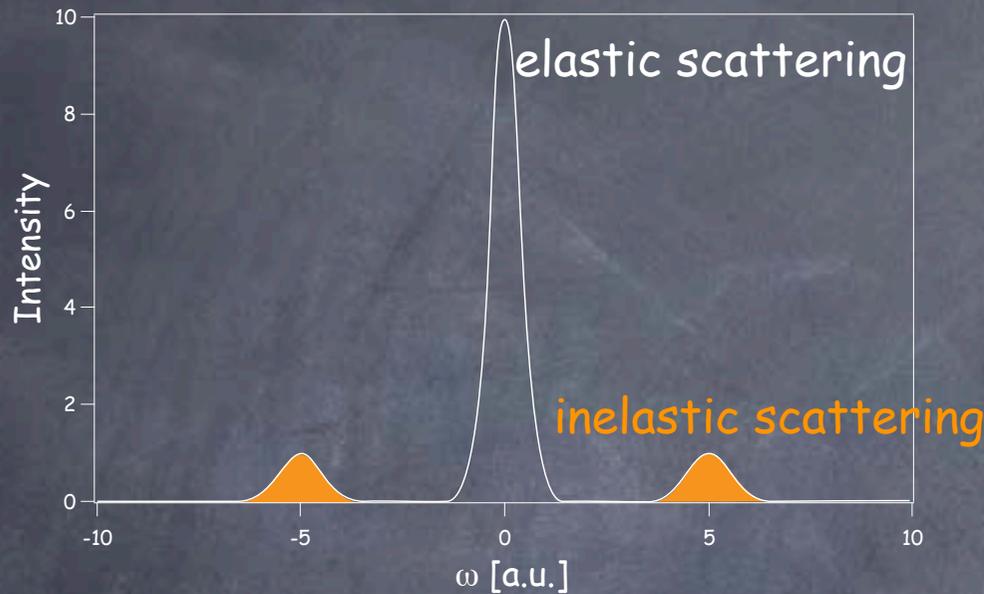
2. energy scale

neV? meV?

3. dynamics

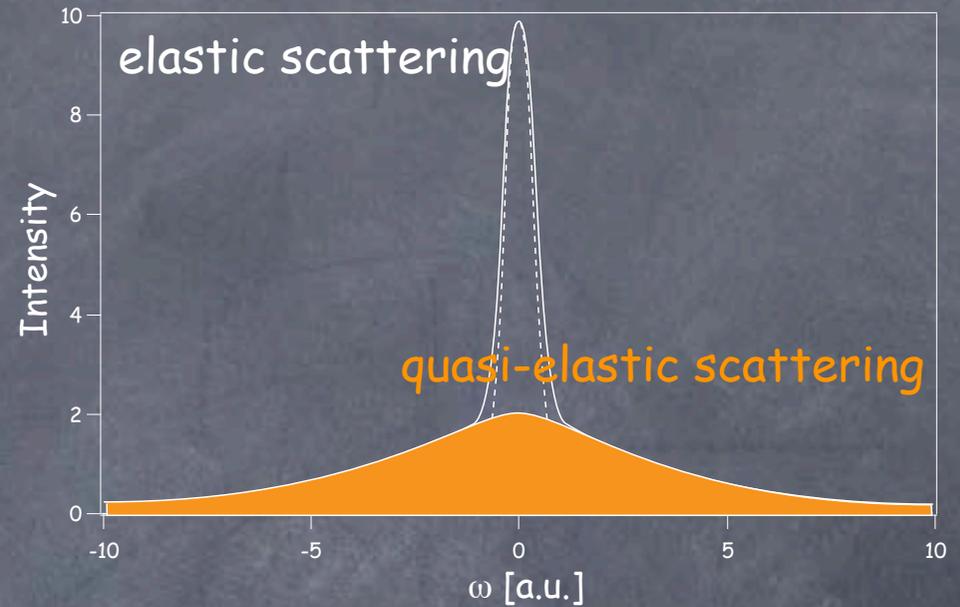
excitation? relaxation?

inelastic vs quasi-elastic scattering



excitation: neutrons exchange energy with an oscillation motion which has a finite energy transfer

phonon, magnon, ...



relaxation: neutrons exchange energy to make another new equilibrium state (no typical finite energy transfer exists)

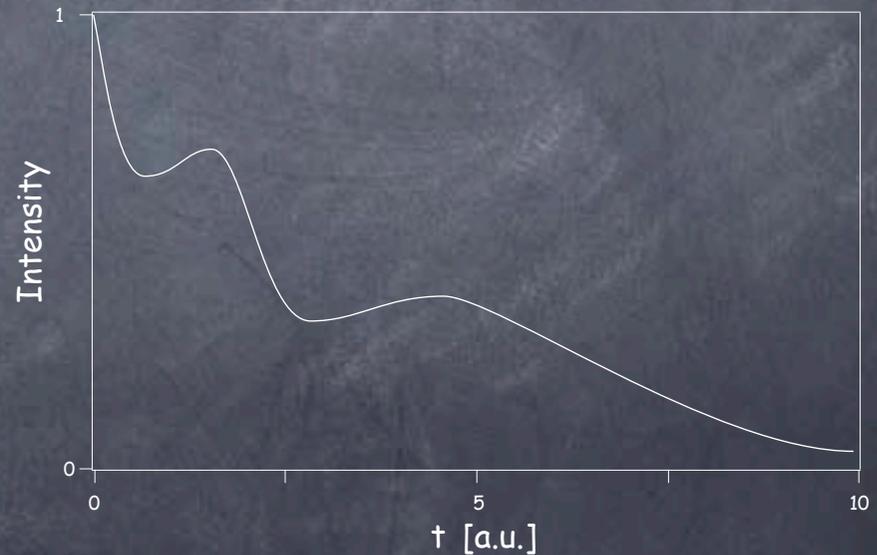
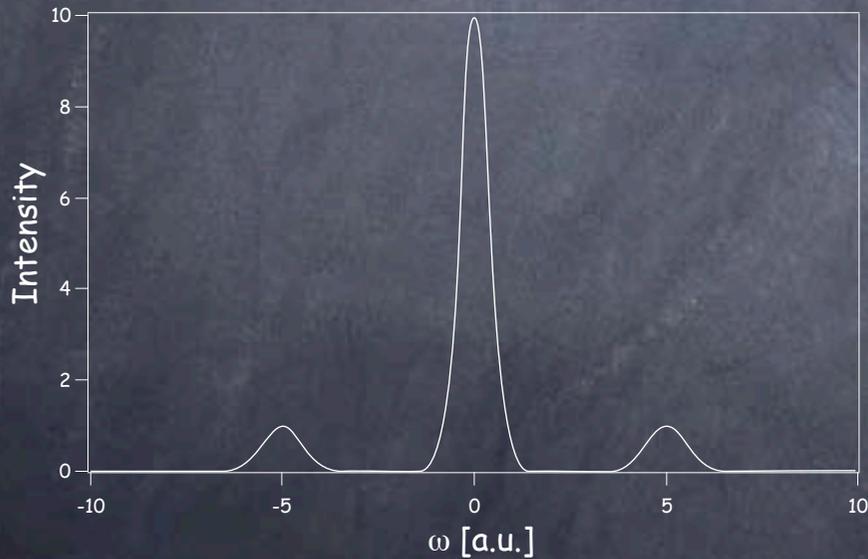
mean energy of neutrons are the same before and after the scattering

NSE works in time domain: $S(q, \omega)$ vs $I(q, t)$

$$I(q, t) = \int S(q, \omega) \exp(-i\omega t) d\omega$$

intermediate scattering function is the fourier transform of dynamic structure factor

excitation $I(q, t)$ shows an oscillating function

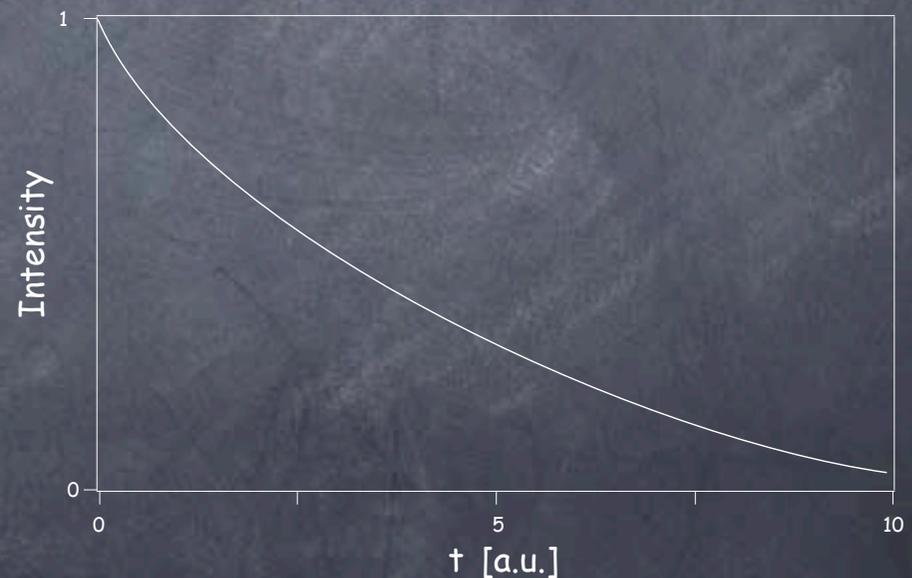
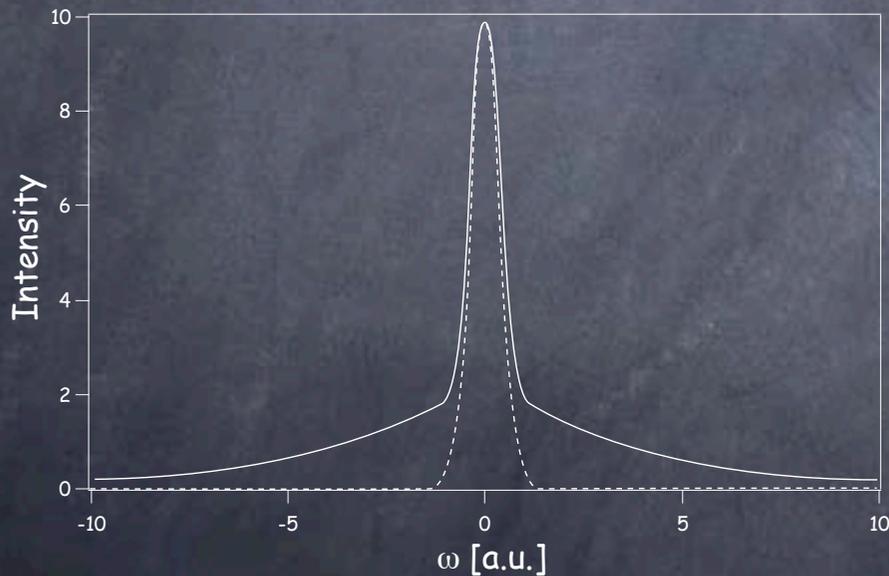


NSE works in time domain: $S(q, \omega)$ vs $I(q, t)$

$$I(q, t) = \int S(q, \omega) \exp(-i\omega t) d\omega$$

intermediate scattering function is the fourier transform of dynamic structure factor

relaxation $I(q, t)$ shows a decaying function



NSE is the best suited to see relaxation dynamics

how to choose a spectrometer

1. length scale

diffraction? small-angle?

2. energy scale

neV? meV?

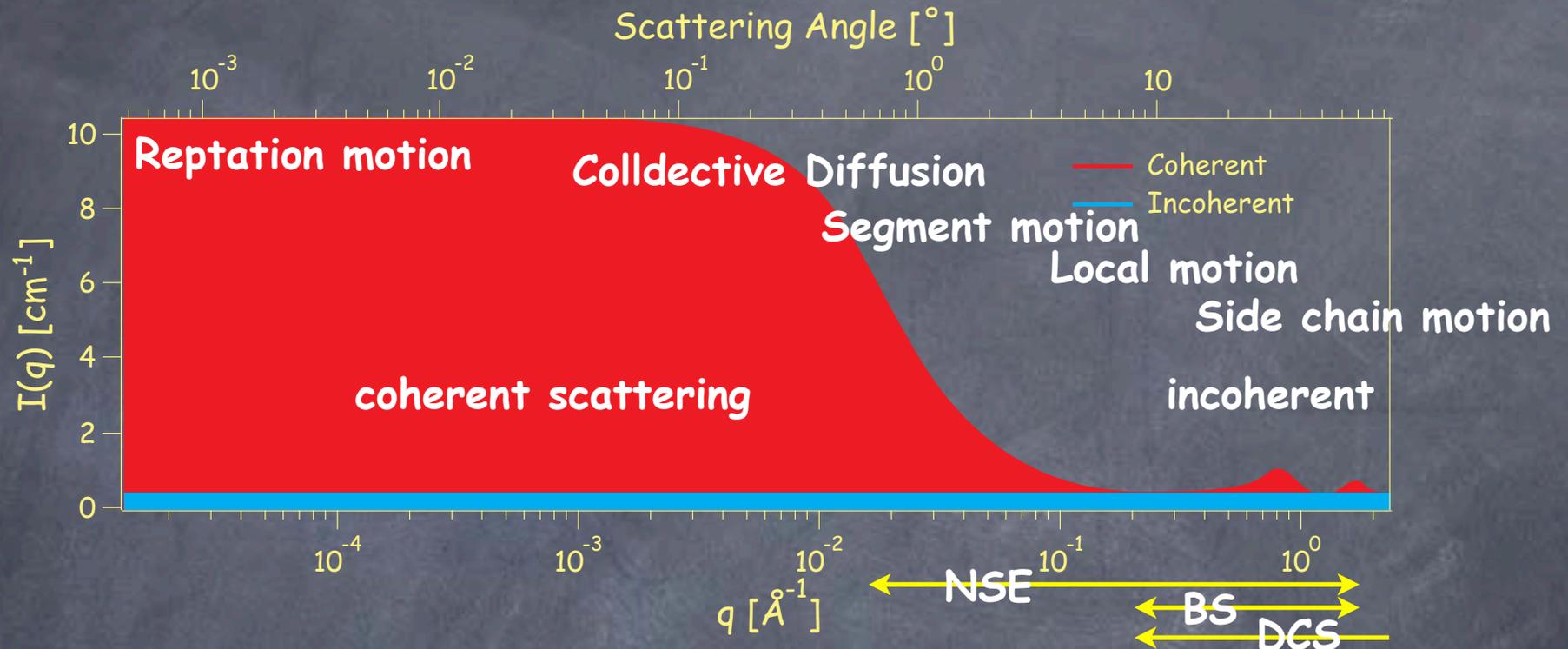
3. dynamics

excitation? relaxation?

4. intensity

coherent dynamics? incoherent dynamics?

Scattering Intensity



larger scale objects: slower dynamics

coherent dynamics

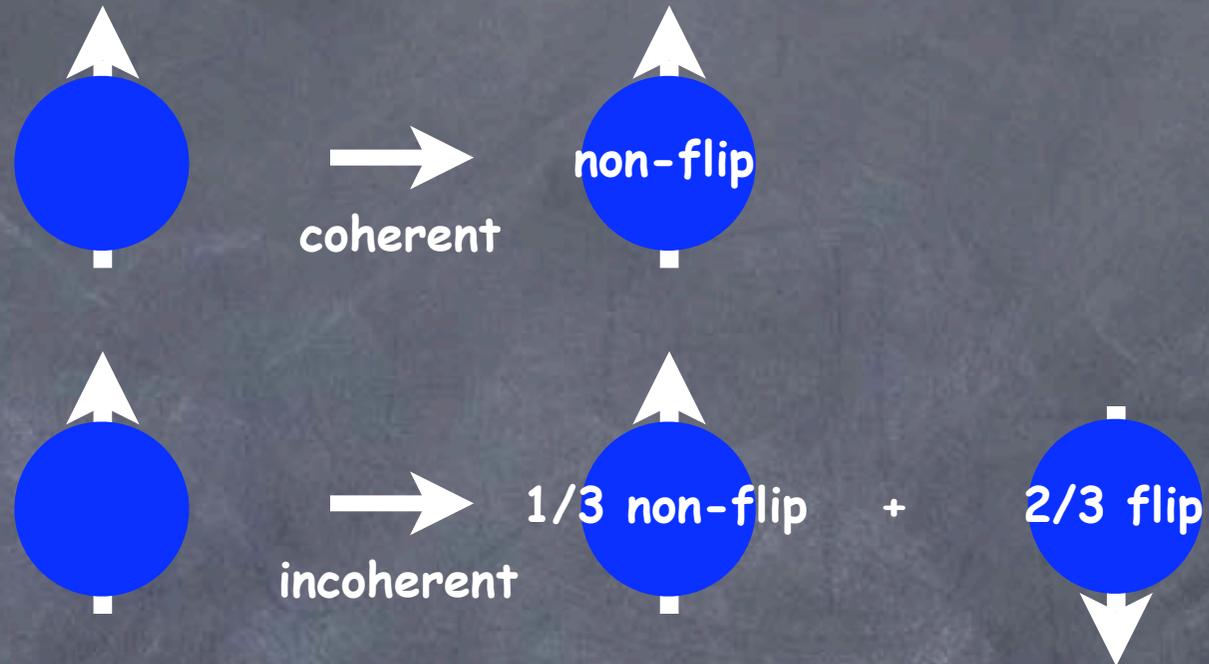
incoherent dynamics at high q

problems to observe incoherent dynamics ...

1: limitation of the detection area

2: spin flip scattering

Spin flip scattering



we loose 1/3 of signals when we measure incoherent dynamics



settings of NSE spectrometer for coherent nucleus scattering and magnetic scattering experiments are different

summary: usage of NSE

1. length scale

We can cover q -range from 0.02 to 1.8 \AA^{-1} . However, the detection area is limited and normally high- q experiment takes longer time.

2. energy scale

We can cover energy range from several neV to sub meV (time range from ps to hundreds of ns). Highest energy resolution among inelastic/quasi elastic neutron scattering spectrometers.

3. dynamics

Suited to observe relaxation dynamics.

4. intensity

Coherent core scattering at low q is the best measured by NSE so far. Incoherent dynamics and magnetic scattering can also be measured.

large length scale ($>1\text{nm}$), small energy scale (neV), coherent dynamics, relaxation, ...

some keywords today

Neutron Spin Polarization & Precession

Neutron Spin Echo & Echo Signal

Fourier Time

how NSE achieves highest energy resolution

Coherent, Incoherent & Magnetic Scattering

Intermediate Scattering Function

we use $I(q,t)$ and $S(q,t)$ as the same meaning

Relaxation, Diffusion, Thermal Fluctuation,...

**THANK YOU FOR
YOUR ATTENTION!**